

Tree Number and Name	Identifying Features/Comments	Tree Number and Name	Identifying Features/Comments
1. Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra)	Grange has many large Austrian Pines	14. Wild Cherry (Prunus avium)	this one is clothed in ivy
2. Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	has bunches of hanging seed 'keys'	15. Portugal Laurel (Prunus lusitanica)	evergreen with fragrant flower spikes in June
3. Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	can form large spreading tree + triangular seeds	16. Yew (Taxus baccata)	evergreen with red fleshy aril fruits
4. Whitebeam (Sorbus aria)	native with red berry clusters & white under-leaf	17. Eucalyptus species	over 500 Australasian evergreen Eucalyptuses
5. Ornamental Birch (Betula jacquemontii/ermanii)	particularly silver-white decorative barkfast	18. Scots Pine (Pinus sylvestris)	orange bark towards the top
6. BlackPoplar hybrids (Populus nigra/x canadensis)	growing with flower catkins in March	19. Maidenhair Tree (Ginkgo biloba)	living fossil tree with herbal qualities
7. Yellow Buckeye Horse Chestnut (Aesculus flava)	glossy leaflets. Buds non-resinous	20. Japanese Cherry (Prunus 'Kanzan')	double pink flowers. Large sparse leaves
8. Indian Bean Tree (Catalpa bignonioides)	last tree into leaf. Leaves large. Flowers July	21. Silver Birch (Betula pendula)	leaves triangular with double teeth along sides
9. Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	sea-salt tolerant. Cones shiny 3cm roundish	22. Rowan/Mountain Ash (Sorbus aucuparia)	scarlet berry clusters soon eaten by birds
10. Blue Atlas Cedar (Cedrus atlantica form glauca)	elegant tree with bluish needles	23. Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	flower tails & paired winged seeds hang down
11. Tulip Tree (Liriodendron tulipifera)	four-lobed leaves. Large tulip-like flowers in July	24. Common Lime (Tilia x europaea)	flower clusters hang down in July
12. Copper Beech (Fagus sylvatica form 'Purpurea')	grafted tree- dark red leaves after brief pink flush	25. Foxglove Tree (Paulownia tomentosa)	deep mauve fragrant flowers before leaves
13. New Zealand Cabbage Palm (Cordyline australis)	seen by the sea, often with large flower clusters	26. Deodar Cedar (Cedrus deodara)	leaves longer and softer than other cedars